Lesson

Close Reading

1st Read - Scratch the Surface

get the gist of the text

2nd Read - Discover New Words

- · highlight/underline any unfamiliar words
- use context clues to determine the meaning of the word
- · write the definition on the text

3rd read – Dig a Little Deeper

- determine the main idea of each paragraph or section of the text
- write the main idea on a post-it

4th read – Analyze the Text

 teacher determines (identify theme, cause and effect, author's purpose, etc.)

Louis Braille: Boy Inventor

A Tragic Accident

Louis Braille was born more than 200 years ago in a small French village. He was a bright, lively boy who loved to watch his father make saddles and harnesses in his shop. One day, when Louis was three years old, he picked up one of his father's tools and accidentally poked himself in the eye. The wound became infected and spread to his other eye. By the time Louis was four, just as he was learning to make sketches and to write letters instead of scribbles, he was blind.

A Good Idea

At the time of Louis's accident, most people believed that the blind could never learn to read. Louis's parents did some research and discovered The Royal Institute for Blind Youth in Paris. When Louis enrolled in his new school, he found a few books that were written for the blind. The letters in the books were printed with extra heavy ink. To read, people ran their fingers across the text. People could feel the textures of the letters with their fingers. The books were very heavy, though, and it took a long time to read them. After reading every book in the Institute's library, Louis began to imagine ways to make better books.

Easy Reading

One day, Louis heard about a code made of dots and dashes punched in paper that the army used. The codes helped soldiers read instructions without lighting a fire that might attract the enemy. Raised dots and dashes made the books lighter and easier to read, but not enough for Louis. He set about inventing a system using only dots, to make reading even easier. When Louis began poking dots in paper with a knitting needle to illustrate his ideas, he noticed that thin paper, such as tracing paper, was too thin to be used on both sides. By the age of fifteen, Louis had invented a six-dot system that took little space and could be read more quickly.

The Braille System

When Louis introduced his invention at his school, none of the teachers would use it. Gradually, news of Louis's invention spread among the blind community. Fifteen years after Louis died, his invention was used in almost every country. Today his invention is called Braille in his honor.

Lesson 7 Vocabulary

What Do Illustrators Do?

Part of Speech

1 imagine - to form a mental picture or idea
2tools - a device, such as a hammer or an ax, that is specially made or shaped to help a person do work
3illustrate - to add photographs, drawings, diagrams, or maps that explain or decorate books or magazines
4scribbles - careless writing or drawing
5 sketches - a rough drawing or outline
6tracing - use to copy
7 research - careful study of a subject or problem
8 textures - the look or feel of a surface



Talk About the Writer's Words Verbs are words that name actions. Work with a partner. Find the Vocabulary words that are verbs. What are your clues? Use the verbs in new sentences.

Vocabulary in Context

imagine Some artists paint real things. Other artists paint things that they imagine.



illustrate This artist has started to illustrate, or draw, pictures for a storybook.



tools Artists use tools such as brushes, pencils, and markers to make art.



scribbles Most children make messy scribbles before they learn to draw well.



- ▶ Study each Context Card.
- ▶ Discuss one picture. Use a different Vocabulary word from the one on the card.

tracing

Using see-through

tetches, or rough awings, before hey begin to paint.

sketches

ainters often make





research etimes artists eed to do research ind out what



tracing paper lets you make an exact copy of something.



textures Paper can have different textures. It can look and feel smooth or rough.

Lesson 7
READER'S NOTEBOOK

What Do Illustrators Do?

Phonics: Three-Letter Clusters (scr, spr, str, thr)

Write Words with Three-Letter Clusters

Read each question and choose an answer from the box. Write the word.

screwdriver springtime strongest
throne scrubbing unscramble
sprinkler thrilling streetlight

1. What do you call the person who can lift the heaviest

load? _____

- **2.** What lights the neighborhood on nights when there is no moon in the sky? ______
- **3.** How would it feel to have an audience stand and applaud for you? _____
- 4. When do most trees grow new leaves?
- 5. What helps grass grow when there is no rain? _____
- **6.** What is kept in a toolbox and can help put things together?
- 7. What is the best way to get dirty hands clean?

8. What is a queen's chair called? _____

9. How can you make a word from a set of mixed-up

letters? _____

Synonyms

An Interview with an Illustrator

Young Artist: Did you always know that you wanted to illustrate children's books?

Katy Black: When I was young. I dreamed about being an artist. I thought of myself as a painter. I imagined that my artwork would end up on people's walls, though, instead of in the pages of a book.

Young Artist: Has any of your artwork ever appeared outside of a book?

Katy Black: Yes, I have had a couple of art shows. These exhibits were a lot of fun. My favorite show was when I had done some very large paintings of single objects. So, people were buying paintings of enormous flowers or fruit. Another time I challenged myself to only use thin lines in my paintings. It was difficult to stick to only skinny lines, but the finished art was very interesting, I thought.

Young Artist: What do you think it takes to be an artist? Katy Black: What makes an artist is an ability to see things in a slightly different way. Art is all about communicating how artists view the world.

Synonym
_

Name	Date

Lesson 7
READER'S NOTEBOOK

Synonyms

What Do Illustrators Do?

Vocabulary Strategies: Synonyms

sketch	large	see '	enormous
view	show	illustrate	exhibit
polite	pleasant	•	

Read each word below. Write the two synonyms from above that have almost the same meaning as the word.

- 1. display
- 2. huge
- 3. nice
- 4. observe
- 5. draw

Choose one set of synonyms. Write a sentence or two for each word to show the difference in the shades of meaning.

6. _____

T-Map: Text and Graphic Features

Text or Graphic Feature	Purpose

Vame	Do
Name	D

Lesson 7
READER'S NOTEBOOK

What Do
Illustrators Do?
Independent Reading



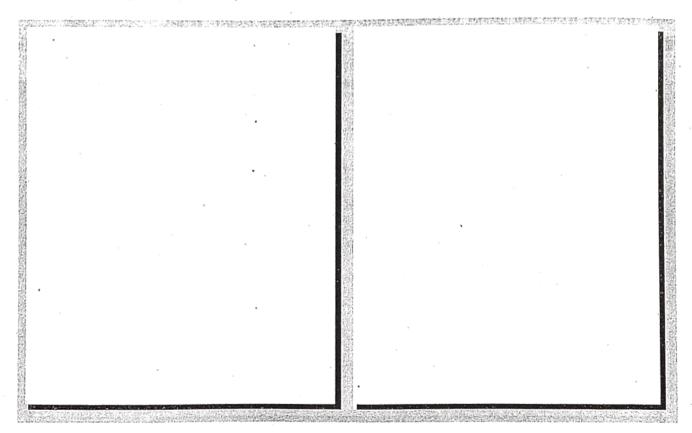
What Do Illustrators Do?

A Comic Book Guide to Illustrated Books

Now that you know what illustrators do, you can write about it in your own comic. Use examples from the text to help explain how an illustrated book is made.

Create a comic using the cat and the dog that watched as the illustrations were created.

Draw and write what illustrators do. Use details from page 246 for Step 1 and page 247 for Step 2.



Step !

Step 2

			Date			ER'S NOTEBOO
ead page 251. What aw faces? Use wha				11		What Do strators Do? ependent Reading
e cat two details fro	•					
		ow Illustrator				
ead page 258. In th ne learned from the nes this cover tell y	e cover of .	Jacqueline &				
						And a selection of the second
					enda al Indiana del Cado	

Jacqueline & the Magic Bean

Name	Date	Lesson 7 READER'S NOTEBOOK
Cumulative F	Review	What Do Illustrators Do? Phonics: Cumulative Review
Write words from the box	x to complete each paragraph.	And protection and of response actions and process and an arrival actions and actions and actions and actions and actions are actions and actions are actions and actions are actions and actions are actions as a second action action and action actions are actions as a second action action actions are actions as a second action action action action action action actions are actions as a second action a
threw	scratched	strong
screen	through	described
stretched	screamed	strange
and tried to remember office and the	the key to his house. He r where he had seen it last. If his lost key chain. The e Lost and Found box and for someone had turned in his k ***	He went to the school he clerk looked und the key chain.
Emily shivered as	she looked out the window i	nto the dark, foggy night.
Suddenly she heard a	noise cor	ning from the back yard!

There was once a troll so mean and so tough that no one in the village was ______ enough to fight him. The villagers ______ 8 out a huge net on the ground and hid next to their houses. When the troll came to town and stepped onto the net, the people wrapped him up, carried him out of town, and ______ him into a big mud puddle. The troll never came back!

V@Cabulary . For what Do illustrators Do?

Name	Date
Write the vocabular	y word that matches the definition.
1.	the look or feel of a surface
2	used to copy, or trace lines
3.	to form a mental picture or idea of
4	a device that is specially made or shaped to help a person do work
5	to add photographs, drawings, diagrams, or maps that explain or decorate books or magazines
6	_careless writing or drawing
7.	_ a rough drawing or outline
8	_careful study of a subject or problem

tracing sketches tools imagine

scribbles illustrate research texture

Name:	
Ivainc.	

Put the vocabulary words in alphabetical order.

tracing sketches tools imagine

scribbles illustrate research texture

- 1.
- 2. _____
- 3. _____
- 4.____
- 5._____
- 6. _____
- 7. _____
- 8. _____